

FAQ LEVEL 3 CERTIFICATE IN

AMBULANCE PATIENT CARE: URGENT CARE SERVICES

FULL SPECIFICATION

Qualification Numbers: 603/1301/8 and C00/1189/0 L3CAPCUCS





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			Clarification in the Assessment Criterion (2.1–2.4) for BSL to include CPR for both adults and paediatrics.
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Section One

Centre Requirements

1.1 Introduction

Introduction to FutureQuals

FutureQuals is forward thinking, learner and customer-focused, and committed to delivering inspiring learning and skills.

Our Values

"We are a Visionary, Supportive, Innovative and Professional Awarding Organisation that is committed to excellence."

Our Vision

"We envisage a place in which every learner realises their full potential."

Our Mission

"To provide respected and valued qualifications and assessment to enable quality assured learning."

FutureQuals is recognised to deliver regulated qualifications by Ofqual in England, CCEA Regulation in Northern Ireland, the Scottish Qualifications Authority (SQA Accreditation) and Qualifications Wales to offer a comprehensive and diverse range of qualifications across a wide range of vocational areas many of which are transferable across industries and sectors.

A full list of FutureQuals current qualifications can be accessed at https://www.futurequals.com/

We have developed a genuine understanding and insight into all types of educational organisations, which ensures that we are highly responsive to their needs. We offer a wide range of benefits and support for our learners, our approved centres, and their assessment and quality assurance teams.

FutureQuals offers a wide range of benefits and support for all of our educational products and services including:

- Vocational qualifications accredited by the UK regulators and recognised by employers, universities and professional bodies
- 24/7 online management systems for the registration of learners, ensuring highly efficient services and access to assessment and results
- A diverse range of qualifications
- A flexible approach to assessment
- A network of professionals who examine and quality assure our regulated qualifications and assessments
- Regular updates on new developments in education and training
- Unrivalled customer service support and extensive guidance materials.

Introduction to Qualification Specification

Welcome to the FutureQuals specification for the the **Level 3 Certificate in Ambulance Patient Care: Urgent Care Services.** The aim of this specification is to provide our centres with guidance to assist in the administration, delivery and assessment of this qualification. It is recommended that you study this specification in detail and become fully conversant with the procedures and accompanying documents.

This specification is a live document and, as such, will be updated when required. Centres will be notified when changes are made. It is the responsibility of the approved centre to ensure the most up to date version of the Approved Specification is in use.

This document is copyright but may be copied by approved centres for the purpose of assessing learners. It may also be copied by learners for their own use.

1.2 Data Protection

FutureQuals is registered with the Data Protection Act and handles all data in accordance with the required procedures of the Act.

1.3 Complaints

FutureQuals aims to constantly monitor the levels of service provided and report on performance indicators on a regular basis. We will endeavour to be open about the levels of service we aim to offer all our customers.

However, if we fall short of expectations or our own standards, we want to give the opportunity for those affected to provide feedback so we can put things right.

Our Complaints Policy, which includes information on how to make a complaint, can be found on the FutureQuals website.

1.4 Enquiries

Any enquires relating to this qualification should be addressed to:

Future (Awards and Qualifications) Ltd EMP House Telford Way Coalville Leicestershire LE67 3HE

Tel: 01530 836662

E-mail: <u>qualifications@futurequals.com</u> Website: <u>https://www.futurequals.com/</u>

Section Two

Qualification Information

2.1 Qualification Outline

Purpose and Aims

The purpose of this **FAQ Level 3 Certificate in Ambulance Patient Care: Urgent Care Services** is to provide the learner with the skills, knowledge and understanding to be able to provide Ambulance Patient Care for urgent patients.

The Level 3 Certificate in Ambulance Patient Care: Urgent Care Services covers the scope of practice that is required in the role of ambulance non-urgent care. The ambulance non-urgent care national patient care support services scope of practice that is required in the role of ambulance patient care support attendants or assistants. Learners will be responsible for the transportation and care of patients with varying needs including looking after the disabled, elderly, sick and vulnerable people to and from outpatient clinics, day care centres and routine hospital admissions and discharges.

In addition to the non-urgent role, the urgent care responsibilities include attending to patients who have been referred by the emergency operations centre, 111 service, GP urgent referrals and other allied healthcare professions within the community. Patients will be transported to various departments such as medical and surgical assessment units.

Urgent Care Service staff have a greater understanding of anatomy and physiology, the ability to carry out further patient assessment and physiological measurement and the care of wounds bleeding and thermal injuries. They have further training in supporting a lead clinician with advanced procedures.

This qualification will be a combination of full-time education with formative and summative assessment and consolidation in the real work environment.

The Total Qualification Time (TQT) for this qualification is: 230 Guided Learning (GL) for this qualification is: 167 hours Minimum credits required to achieve the qualification: 23

Suitable for age ranges: 18+ 19+

Method of assessment: Portfolio of Evidence. This qualification is internally assessed and internally quality assured by Centre staff and externally quality assured by FutureQuals External Quality Advisors (EQAs).

If the method of assessment includes formative assessments such as practical tasks, written questions, multiple choice/short answer and knowledge assessment tasks where supervision of a learner assessment is required, assessment must be undertaken in line with the requirements set on in the FutureQuals Instructions for Conducting Controlled Assessments Policy. This document is published on the Policies and Procedures section of the FutureQuals website.

Grading: There is no specific grading criteria for this qualification.

Entry guidance: There are no formal qualification entry requirements that a learner must have completed before taking this qualification and no requirement for learners to have prior skills, knowledge or understanding

2.2 Additional Information

This qualification is regulated by the Office of the Qualifications and Examinations Regulator (Ofqual) in England https://register.ofqual.gov.uk/ and in Wales https://www.qiw.wales/

It may be eligible for public funding as determined by the Department for Education (DfE) under Sections 96 and 97 of the Learning and Skills Act 2000 and Qualification Wales.

For information regarding potential sources of funding please visit the following websites; <u>https://hub.fasst.org.uk/Pages/default.aspx</u> <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/education-and-skills-funding-agency</u>

or, contact your local funding office.

You should use the Qualification Accreditation Number (QAN) when you wish to seek public funding for your learners. Each component within a qualification will also have a unique reference number (Component Reference Number), which is listed in this specification. The qualification title and component reference numbers will appear on the learner's final certification document. Learners need to be made aware of this detail when they are recruited by the centre and registered with FutureQuals.

2.3 Progression

Progression to higher level ambulance service qualifications such as urgent and emergency care and the associate ambulance practitioner role is supported. The full use of RPL is encouraged using skills, knowledge and subsequent experience of the role mapped directly to scope of practice.

2.4 Assessment Principles

The FAQ Level 3 Certificate in Ambulance Patient Care: Urgent Care Services must be assessed according to the FutureQuals Assessment Principles.

2.5 Qualification Structure

To achieve the FAQ Level 3 Certificate in Ambulance Patient Care: Urgent Care Services, learners must complete a minimum of all 13 mandatory components and select at least 1 component from the optional group to the value of 23 credits. Learners *may* choose to do further components from the additional component groups, but these components are not required to complete the qualification.

Component Number	URN	Component Name	Credit Value	Level
1	Y/615/5733	Principles of ambulance patient care	2	3
2	R/615/5732	Management of medical conditions during ambulance patient care	1	3
3	L/507/6436	Vehicle Familiarisation	2	3
4	K/615/5736	Safe moving and handling during ambulance patient care	2	2
5	M/615/5737	Ambulance aid essentials for patient care	1	3
6	T/615/5738	Conveyance of patients with own medication and medical devices	1	3
7	H/615/5749	Using communication and information systems in ambulance patient care	1	2
8	K/505/9739	Basic life support and external defibrillation	1	3
9	J/615/5744	Principles of Anatomy and physiology for Ambulance Patient Care	2	3
10	A/615/5742	Assessment and continued monitoring of patients in ambulance urgent care	2	3
11	L/505/9734	Support the emergency care of wounds, bleeding and burns	3	3
12	L/507/6369	Support the Senior Clinician with Cannulation, Intraosseous, Infusion and Advanced Airway Management in the Emergency and Urgent Care Setting	3	4
13	D/505/9740	Basic airway management in emergency care	1	3

Group O1 – Optional Components				
Component Number	URN	Component Name	Credit Value	Level
14	L/615/5745	Administration of oxygen therapy in ambulance patient care	1	3
15	F/615/5743	Administration of medical gases in ambulance patient care	1	3

Additional Components				
Component Number	URN	Unit Name	Credit Value	Level
16	K/507/6430	Conflict resolution training	2	3
17	T/507/6432	Conflict Resolution Training for Ambulance Services	1	3
18	Y/615/5747	Major incident preparedness for patient care service attendants	1	3

2.6 Barred Components and Exemptions

Components with the same title at different levels, or components with the same content, cannot be combined in the same qualification.

If learners select to do K/507/6430 Conflict resolution training they must also complete T/507/6432 Conflict resolution training for ambulance services and vice versa.

2.7 Care Certificate (England)

Unit 1: Principles of ambulance patient care provides the learner with the majority of knowledge and understanding to achieve the care certificate along with other various criteria in the remaining units.

The Care Certificate links to National Occupational Standards and the units in this qualification and covers what is needed to be caring - giving attendants a good basis to develop the required knowledge and skills.

For CQC regulated providers in England, such as the Ambulance Service, the Care Certificate is expected of care workers.

This qualification provides the learner with knowledge and skills that contribute to the Care Certificate. It remains the responsibility of the employer to ensure all relevant elements of the Care Certificate are completed in line with the recommendations and guidance supplied. The following standards apply to the Care Certificate:

- Understand your role
- Your personal development
- Duty of care
- Equality and diversity
- Work in a person centred way
- Communication
- Privacy and dignity
- Fluids and nutrition
- Awareness of mental health, dementia and learning disabilities
- Safeguarding adults
- Safeguarding children
- Basic life support
- Health and safety
- Handling information
- Infection prevention and control.

Whilst the Care Certificate is only applicable to England, its content are still relevant and important to the devolved nations in the role of Ambulance Patient Care.

Achievement of the qualification requires that the relevant components of the Care Certificate have been achieved in line with guidance provided.

http://www.skillsforhealth.org.uk/standards/item/216-the-care-certificate

The Care Certificate was developed, as part of the Cavendish Review work, jointly by Skills for Health, <u>Health Education England</u> and <u>Skills for Care</u> It:

- applies across health and social care in England
- good practice for devolved nations
- links to National Occupational Standards and units in qualifications
- covers what is required to be caring, giving workers a good basis from which they can further develop their knowledge and skills.

Section Three

Assessment Principles and Component Specifications

3.1 Assessment Principles

FutureQuals qualifications will always include Assessment Principles whether they have been developed by a Sector Skills Council (SSC) or FutureQuals own. The latest version of the generic Assessment Principles are available on the FutureQuals website and should be used in conjunction with any qualification specific assessment principles. You can view the principles here: https://www.futurequals.com/assets/AssessmentPrinciples.pdf.

Any Assessment Principles specific to a qualification will always be re-produced in the specification they relate to.

Level 3 Certificate in Ambulance Patient Care: Urgent Care Services Assessment Principles Appendix

Assessment Strategy

This strategy ensures a consistent approach to those elements of assessment which require further interpretation and definition, and will support sector confidence in the new qualifications. It applies to these qualifications and the components therein that assess occupational knowledge or occupational competence.

- 1. Where the assessment of knowledge is specified, tasks, short answer questions and reflective commentaries/statements may be utilised. Any knowledge evidence integral to these learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment.
- 2. Assessment decisions for competence components must be made by an occupationally competent assessor, as defined in this assessment strategy, primarily using evidence generated in the workplace during the learner's normal work activity or within an approved Realistic Working Environment (RWE).
- 3. Expert witnesses are permitted for this qualification. The centre will have approved the expert witness but a centre Assessor will judge the evidence provided by the expert witness against the assessment criteria. This can be used as competence and knowledge evidence.

Tutor requirements

1. Tutors will need to hold as a minimum the Level 3 Award in Education and Training or equivalent or above as detailed in the Qualification Specification and be currently occupationally competent. Tutors not currently qualified must be registered and actively working towards a teaching qualification or acceptable equivalent as listed in the assessment principles and be mentored by a suitably qualified tutor. Tutors working towards their teaching qualification must achieve this within two years.

Assessors

1. All assessment must be carried out by a currently, occupationally competent assessor qualified to make assessment decisions.

- 2. All Assessors must hold a recognised assessor qualification by 1st October 2018. This should be the Level 3 Certificate in Assessing Vocational Achievement or the Level 3 Award in Assessing Vocationally Related Achievement. Assessors holding the A1 or D32/33 legacy qualifications are not required to re- qualify.
- 3. Any unqualified Assessors will need to have all of their assessment decisions countersigned by a fully qualified Assessor from 1st October 2018.

Internal Quality Assurance

- 1. All internal quality assurers (IQA) must be currently, occupationally competent and qualified to make quality assurance decisions.
- 2. The IQA must hold a recognised internal quality assurance qualification. This may be either the Level 4 Award in the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice or the Level 4 Certificate in Leading the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice, depending on the role of the individual. Internal quality assurers holding the V1 or D34 legacy qualifications are not required to re-qualify.
- 3. Any unqualified IQAs will need to have all of their verification decisions countersigned by a fully qualified IQA from 1st October 2018.

External Quality Assurance

- 1. All External Quality Assurers (EQA) must be currently, occupationally competent in the area they are assuring and be qualified to make quality assurance decisions.
- 2. The EQA must hold a recognised external quality assurance qualification by 1st October 2018. This may be either the Level 4 Award in the External Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice or the Level 4 Certificate in Leading the External Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice, depending on the role of the individual. External Quality Assurers holding the V2 or D35 legacy qualifications are not required to requalify.
- Any unqualified EQAs will need to have all of their verification decisions countersigned by a fully qualified EQA from 1st October 2018.

Teaching Equivalents

Level 3 Teaching Equivalents or higher
Cert Ed/PGCE/B Ed/M Ed
CTLLS/DTLLS
PTLLS with unit 'Principles and Practice of Assessment' (12 credits)
Further and Adult Education Teacher's Certificate
IHCD Instructional Methods
IHCD Instructor Certificate
S/NVQ level 3 in training and development
S/NVQ level 4 in training and development
TQFE (Teaching Qualification for Further Education)
English National Board 998
Nursing mentorship qualifications
Level 3 Award in Education and Training
Level 4 Certificate in Education and Training
L5 Diploma in Teaching
Level 5 Diploma in Education and Training
Advanced Diploma Teaching in Further Education - 2006
BTEC Professional Certificate In Instructional Techniques - Level 4
CIPD Certificate in Training Practice - Level 3
City & Guilds 7307 Certificate in Teaching Adult Learners - Stage 1 & 2
City & Guilds 7407 Level 4 Stage 1
City & Guilds 7407 Level 4 Stage 1&2
City & Guilds L3 Certificate for Learning Support Practitioners
City & Guilds L3 Certificate in Learning & Development
City & Guilds L3 Certificate in Supporting Learning
City & Guilds L5 Diploma in Teaching
City and Guilds 7306 Further and Adult Education Teachers Certificate Level 4
Edexcel/BTEC L3 Certificate in Ambulance Driving Instruction
Edexcel L4 Diploma in Learning & development
EDI Level 3 Certificate in Educational Principles and Practice
ENB 998: Teaching and Assessing in Clinical Practice
FETC Stage 1 Level 4 (old NQF)
FETC Stage 2 Level 4 (old NQF)
FETC Stage 3 Level 4 (old NQF)
Generic Certificates in Education (Cert.Eds.), Post Graduate Certificates in Education (PGCEs) or equivalent
from English HEIs Generic Certificates in Education (Cert.Eds.), Post Graduate Certificates in Education (PGCEs) or equivalent
from HEIs in Wales
IHCD Ambulance Aid/Clinical Tutor qualification
IHCD Ambulance Driving Tutor qualification
L3/L4 Certificate in Teaching in the Lifelong Learning Sector,
L4 Certificate in Education & Training
L4/L5 Diploma in Teaching in the Lifelong Learning Sector,
L5 Diploma in Education & Training
NVQ Level 3 Direct Training and Support
NVQ Level 3 in Learning and Development
NVQ Level 3 Training and Development
NVQ Level 4 Co-ordination of Learning & Development Provision
NVQ Level 4 in Learning and Development

NVQ Level 4 in Training and Development
OCR L3 Certificate in Learning & Development
OCR L4 Diploma in Learning & Development
OCR L5 Diploma in Teaching Learners
OCR L7 Diploma in Teaching Learners
Pearson/EDI L3 Certificate in Learning & Development
Pearson/BTEC L5 Diploma in Teaching
Skills for Life jointly endorsed and approved qualifications integrating generic teacher training with a Skills
for Life subject specialism
University of Ulster Certificate in Further/Higher Education
Certificate in Training and Presenting in the Workplace
Keywords: ENTO Training and Presenting, C&G, 7318-87
City & Guilds 7302 Diploma in Delivering Learning
City & Guilds 7307 Certificate in Teaching Adult Learners Stage 1 and 2
City & Guilds 7306 Foundation Certificate in Teaching and Training - Level 3
City & Guilds 7306 Further and Adult Education Teachers and Training – Level 3
EDI Level 3 Certificate in Educational Principles and Practice
NVQ Level 3 in Direct Training and Support
NVQ Level in Learning and Development
NVQ Level 3 in Training and Development



3.2 Component Specifications

Component 1: Principles of Ambulance Patient Care

Component Reference Number: Y/615/5733

Level: 3 Credit: 2

Component Summary

This component is aimed at those who provide ambulance patient care and covers a number of the identified set of standards that healthcare providers adhere to in their daily working life.

This gives all stakeholders the confidence that the out of hospital healthcare provider has the same introductory skills, knowledge and behaviours to provide compassionate, safe and high quality care and support.

Assessment Guidance

This component must be assessed in line with the FutureQuals Assessment Principles.

Learning outcomes - The learner will	Assessment criteria - The learner can:
1 Understand the structure of own	1.1 Outline organisational structures within
organisation	own organisation
	1.2 Outline the duties and responsibilities of
	own role in line with organisation's:
	Vision statement
	Values
	Behaviours
	Personal development procedures
	Scope of practice
	Codes of conduct or Standards
	1.3 Describe the roles and responsibilities of
	stakeholders and agencies who advise and
	influence own organisation
2 Understand the implications of legislative	2.1 Describe rights and responsibilities
frameworks in own organisation	relevant to ambulance patient care
	2.2 Explain how to access the up to date
	details regarding the scope of practice
	relevant to own role
	2.3 Explain the procedure for:
	 Raising issues or- concerns
	 Dealing with complaints
	2.4 Explain the importance of being open and
	honest when identifying where errors may
	have occurred
3 Understand working relationships in the	3.1 Explain the difference between a working
ambulance patient care setting	and a personal relationship
	3.2 Describe how and when to access support
	and advice as regards partnership working and
	the resolution of conflict in the working
	environment

4 Understand the individual rights	4.1 Outline the individual rights that underpin
underpinning delivery of ambulance patient	best practice
care	4.2 Explain the importance of an individual's
	rights in the ambulance patient care setting
5 Understand requirements for information	5.1 Outline legislation and codes of practice
governance in ambulance patient care	that relate to information governance
settings	5.2 Outline the meaning of the term:
C C	Data protection
	Confidentiality
	5.3 Explain the importance of information
	governance.
6 Understand how to address a range of	6.1 Identify service user types whose
communication requirements in own role	communication needs must be addressed in
	own job role.
	6.2 Explain different means of communication
	to meet the different needs of individuals
7. Understand how to provide compassionate,	7.1 Explain own role in relation to:
safe and high quality care and support in own	Duty of care
role according to agreed ways of working	• Equality, diversity and inclusion
	 Privacy and dignity
	 Health, safety and well-being
	7.2 Explain how to work in a person centred
	way
	7.3 Explain how the following conditions may
	influence a patient's care needs:
	Mental health
	Dementia
	Learning disability
	7.4 Explain the procedures for safeguarding
	against harm and abuse of:
	Adults
	Children
	7.5 Explain the actions to take in own
	organisation if there are suspicions of
	Prevent concerns
	7.6 Define the following:
	Radicalisation
	Trafficking
	Sexual Exploitation
	Social Networking
	7.7 Explain Health and Safety in relation to:
	Legislation Responsibilities
	Responsibilities Bick Assocrement
	Risk Assessment
	7.8 Explain the principles of infection
	prevention and control in relation to:
	Causes and spread of infection
	Cleaning, decontamination and waste management
	management
	Good personal hygiene

	PPE (personal protective equipment)
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Personal Development Procedures must include reflective practice, Continual Professional & Personal Development.

Procedures must include own role and responsibilities.

Being open must include organisations procedure for Duty of Candour.

Prevent is a national strategy to counter-terrorism.

Codes of conduct -

Englandhttp://www.skillsforhealth.org.uk/standards/item/217-code-of-conductWaleshttp://www.wales.nhs.uk/nhswalescodeofconductandcodeofpracticeScotlandhttp://www.healthworkerstandards.scot.nhs.uk/

Component 2: Management of medical conditions during ambulance patient care

Component Reference Number: R/615/5732

Level: 3 Credit: 1

Component Summary

This component provides learners the knowledge, skills and experience of transporting patients with a variety of medical conditions.

Assessment Guidance

This component must be assessed in line with the FutureQuals Assessment Principles.

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1. Understand how to provide patient centric	1.1 Explain the importance of patient
care	assessment
	1.2 Explain the importance of timely
	treatment
	1.3 Explain the importance of the patient
	experience
2. Be able to manage the transportation of a	2.1 Describe Neurological Conditions:
patient with a Neurological Condition	Dementia
	Alzheimer's Disease
	Parkinson's Disease
	Multiple Sclerosis (MS)
	Epilepsy
	Ataxia
	Other relevant neurological conditions
	in accordance with scope of practice
	2.2 Describe the common problems
	associated with managing a patient with a
	neurological condition
	2.3 Manage the issues relating to
	communication when dealing with a patient
	with a Neurological condition
	2.4 Apply the correct procedures to transport
	Neurological patients
3. Be able to manage the transportation of	3.1 Describe:
patients with a Cerebrovascular (CVA)	Ischaemic Stroke
accident	Haemorrhagic Stroke
	Transient ischaemic attack (TIA)
	3.2 Describe the common problems
	associated with managing patients with CVA
	symptoms
	3.3 Manage the issues relating to
	communication and how these can be
	overcome whilst managing a patient with CVA
	symptoms

	3.4 Describe some of the common problems
	associated with managing a patient with CVA
	symptoms
	3.5 Apply the procedures to transport CVA
	patients safely
A Reable to manage transportation of	4.1 Describe:
 Be able to manage transportation of Oncology patients 	
Oncology patients	Chemotherapy
	Radiotherapy
	4.2 Describe the common problems
	associated with managing a patient
	undertaking chemotherapy or radiotherapy
	4.3 Describe common side effects of:
	Chemotherapy
	Radiotherapy
	4.4 Apply the procedures to transport:
	Chemotherapy patients
	Radiotherapy patients
5. Be able to manage transportation of	5.1 Define younger patient
younger patients	5.2 Outline the anatomical differences of an
	adult and child
	5.3 Explain the importance of timely
	recognition, patient assessment and
	treatment of a sick child
	5.4 Apply the procedures to transport young
	patients according to agreed ways of working
6. Be able to manage transportation of end of	6.1 Explain own role and responsibilities in
life care patients	relation to agreed ways of working regarding
	DNACPR (Do Not Attempt Cardiopulmonary
	Resuscitation)
	6.2 Apply the correct procedures to transport
	end of life care patients
	6.3 Describe the emotional impact on staff
	and families wellbeing
	6.4 Outline end of life care planning
	6.5 Outline support available to staff
7. Be able to manage transportation of	7.1 Describe the following:
patients with mental health	Anxiety & panic disorders
•	• Self harm
	Bipolar disorder
	Depression
	Eating disorders
	Schizophrenia
	 Substance abuse and addiction
	7.2 Manage issues relating to communication
	when dealing with a patient with mental
	health Illness
	7.3 Apply the correct procedures to transport
	mental health illness patients safely

8. Be able to manage transportation of patients with physical disabilities and respiratory disorders	8.1 Describe physical disability
	8.2Apply the correct procedures to transport patients with physical disabilities
	8.3 Apply the correct procedures to transport patients with respiratory disorders
9. Be able to manage transportation of	9.1 Describe the common urological disorders
patients with urological disorders	9.2 Apply the correct procedures to transport
	patients with urological disorders
10. Be able to manage the transportation of	10.1 Define older patient
elderly patients	10.2 1.1 Describe changes with age:
	•physical
	•psychological
	•emotional
	•social
	10.3 Outline the needs of the elderly in
	relation to the ageing process
	10.4 Apply the procedures to transport elderly
	patients according to agreed ways of working

Mental health in accordance with Tier 1 2 3 and 4 of the Mental Health Act.

Dementia and **communication** - Dementia: supporting people with dementia and their carer's in health and social care - Clinical guideline [CG42], must also:

Urological patients – Must include dialysis patients.

Physical disabilities – Must include amputees.

Respiratory disorders – Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (Asthma, Emphysema, Bronchitis).

Component 3: Vehicle Familiarisation

Component Reference Number: L/507/6436

Level: 3 Credit: 2

Component Summary

This component is aimed at those who work in the emergency and urgent care setting. It provides the learner with the knowledge to understand the range of vehicles operated within the fleet; how to decontaminate and clean a vehicle; the safe use of access and egress equipment on the vehicle; the safe use of stretchers, chairs and associated equipment. It also provides the learner with the necessary skills to safely secure stretchers, chairs and associated equipment.

Assessment Guidance

This component must be assessed in line with the FutureQuals Assessment Principles.

Learning Outcome - The learner will:	Assessment Criterion - The learner can:
1 Understand the range of vehicles within the	1.1 Identify the range of vehicles
fleet.	1.2 Identify the vehicle's:
	Internal controls
	External controls
	1.3 Identify vehicle safety features
	1.4 Identify vehicle fuel type
	1.5 Describe documentation
	Fuel card
	Defect book
	Accident reporting
2 Understand how to decontaminate and	2.1 Describe how to decontaminate a vehicle
clean a vehicle.	following body fluid spillage
	2.2 Describe how to decontaminate a vehicle
	following transportation of individuals with
	infectious diseases
	2.3 Identify appropriate devices and cleaning
2. Understand the sefering of a second	fluids when cleaning a vehicle
3 Understand the safe use of access and	3.1 Identify how to safely operate a vehicle's:
egress equipment on the vehicle.	Tail lift
	Side step
	• Ramp
	Winch
4 Understand the safe use of stretchers.	4.1 Identify stretchers used in own
	organisation
	4.2 Describe different stretcher positions
	4.3 Describe the different safety features on
	each stretcher type
	4.4 Describe how to safely operate each
	stretcher type
5 Understand the safe use of chairs.	5.1 Identify types of chairs used in own
	organisation

	5.2 Describe the different safety features on each chair type
	5.3 Describe how to safely operate each chair
	туре
6 Be able to safely secure stretchers, chairs	6.1 Identify restraining points
and associated equipment.	6.2 Safely secure:
	Chairs
	Stretchers
	Associated equipment

Own organisation – Locality.

Component 4: Safe moving and handling during ambulance patient care

Component Reference Number: K/615/5736

Level: 2 Credit: 2

Component Summary

This component is aimed at those working in a wide range of settings. It provides the learner with the knowledge and skills required to move and position patients as part of their plan of care according to their specific needs.

Assessment Guidance

This component must be assessed in line with the FutureQuals Assessment Principles.

Relationship to Occupational Standards CHS6

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1. Understand legislation and agreed ways of	1.1 Describe how legislation and agreed ways
working when moving and positioning	of working affect working practices related to
patients	moving and positioning patients
	1.2 Describe what health and safety factors
	need to be taken into account when moving
	and positioning patients and any equipment
	used to do this
2. Understand anatomy and physiology in	2.1 Describe what health and safety factors
relation to moving and positioning patients	need to be taken into account when moving
	and positioning patients and any equipment
	used to do this
	2.2 Describe the impact of specific conditions
	on the correct movement and positioning of a patient
3. Be able to minimise risk before moving and	3.1 Describe how to access up-to-date copies
positioning patients	of risk assessment documentation
	3.2 Carry out preparatory checks using:
	 The patient's care needs
	• The moving and handling risk
	assessment
	3.3 Identify any immediate risks to the patient
	3.4 Describe actions to take in relation to
	identified risks
	3.5 Explain what action should be taken if the
	patient requests a change to their plan of care
	in relation to
	 Health and safety
	Risk assessment

4. Be able to prepare patients before moving and positioning	 3.6 Prepare the immediate environment ensuring Adequate space for the move in agreement with all concerned That potential hazards are removed 3.7 Apply standard precautions for infection prevention and control 4.1 Demonstrate effective communication with the patient to ensure that they Understand the details and reasons for the action/activity being undertaken Agree the level of support required 4.2 Obtain valid consent for the planned estivity
5. Be able to move and position a patient in accordance with agreed ways of working	 activity 5.1 Follow the care plan to ensure that the patient is positioned: Using the agreed technique in a way that will avoid causing undue pain or discomfort Moved with dignity 5.2 Demonstrate effective communication with any others involved in the manoeuvre 5.3 Describe the aids and equipment that may be used for moving and positioning 5.4 Use equipment to maintain the patient in the appropriate position 5.5 Encourage the patient's active participation in the manoeuvre 5.6 Monitor the patient throughout the activity so that the procedure can be stopped if there is any adverse reaction 5.7 Demonstrate how to report and record the activity noting when the next positioning manoeuvre is due
6. Know when to seek advice from and/or involve others when moving and positioning a patient	 6.1 Describe when advice and/or assistance should be sought to move or handle a patient safely 6.2 Describe what sources of information are available about moving and positioning patients 6.3 Explain procedures for moving a bariatric patient in line with agreed ways of working 6.4 Assess tissue viability in relation to prevention of damage during moving procedure 7.1 Inspect mobility aids and equipment after use

7. Be able to secure a wheel chair and stretcher to the vehicle in accordance with	7.2 Secure a wheel chair to the vehicle
agreed ways of working	7.3 Secure a stretcher trolley to the vehicle
	7.4 Clean and prepare equipment
	7.5 Record the activity noting:
	Equipment used
	Technique used

Specific conditions – bariatric patient, tissue viability, osteoporosis, MRSA, amputees.

Component 5: Ambulance aid essentials for patient care

Component Reference Number: M/615/5737

Level: 3 Credit: 1

Component Summary

This component is for learners who work in an ambulance care setting to be able to manage basic life support and deal with injuries and accidents in line with their work settings.

Assessment Guidance

This component must be assessed in line with the FutureQuals Assessment principles.

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1. Understand roles and responsibilities for	1.1 Explain roles and responsibilities of
providing ambulance aid in accordance with	providing ambulance aid
agreed ways of working	1.2 Outline how to minimise the risk of
	infection of self and others
	1.3 Explain the importance of establishing
	consent when providing aid
	1.4 List the first aid equipment that should be
	available
2. Be able to assess a patient in accordance	2.1 Conduct a scene survey
with agreed ways of working	2.2 Conduct a primary survey
	2.3 Give examples when to escalate the
	requirement to access further clinical
	intervention
3. Be able to manage an unresponsive patient	3.1 Assess a patient's level of responsiveness
who is breathing normally in accordance with	3.2 Open a patient's airway and check
agreed ways of working	breathing
	3.3 Identify when to place an unresponsive patient into the recovery position
	3.4 Place an unresponsive patient into the
	recovery position
	3.5 Manage a casualty who is in seizure
4. Be able to manage an unresponsive patient	4.1 Identify when to administer Cardio
who is not breathing normally in accordance	Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR)
with agreed ways of working	4.2 Administer CPR using a manikin
	4.3 Identify the accepted modifications to
	Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation for children
	4.4 Explain procedure for recognition of life
	extinct
	4.5 Explain procedure for Do Not Attempt CPR
	(DNACPR) orders
5. Understand how to administer aid to a	5.1 Describe how to recognise:
patient who is suffering from an acute medical	• Stroke
condition in accordance with agreed ways of	Diabetic emergency
working	Respiratory distress

	Allergic reaction
	Anaphylaxis
	Myocardial Infarction (MI)
	5.2 Explain how to administer first aid for a
	patient suffering from a:
	Stroke
	Diabetic emergency
	Respiratory distress
	Allergic reaction
	Anaphylaxis
	 Myocardial Infarction (MI)
6. Be able to provide first aid to a patient with	6.1 Recognise a patient suffering from
Catastrophic Haemorrhage	Catastrophic Haemorrhage
	6.2 Administer first aid to a patient suffering
	from Catastrophic Haemorrhage
7. Be able to provide first aid to a patient	7.1 Recognise a patient who is suffering from
suffering from shock	shock:
	Hypovolaemic
	Cardiogenic
	Neurogenic
	7.2 Administer first aid to a patient who is
	suffering from shock:
	Hypovolaemic
	Cardiogenic
	Neurogenic

Roles and responsibilities – include the three P's - Preserve Prevent and Promote (Preserve Life, Prevent the situation from worsening and Promote Recovery).

CPR - Must include current placement of AED pads and follow instructions.

Respiratory distress – asthma, emphysema, COPD.

Component 6: Conveyance of patients with own medication and medical devices

Component Reference Number: T/615/5738

Level: 3 Credit: 1

Component Summary

This component covers the knowledge, understanding and skills required for a learner who works within ambulance patient care setting to support a patient who may have medical devices and their own medication.

Assessment Guidance

This component must be assessed in line with the FutureQuals Assessment Principles.

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1. Understand current legislation, national	1.1 Explain own role and responsibilities when
guidelines, policies and procedures relating to	transporting patient's own medication with
transportation of patients own medication	regard to:
	 Current legislation
	 National guidelines
	 Agreed ways of working
	1.2 Describe the importance of transporting
	patient's own medication
	1.3 Explain the procedures used to transport
	a patient's own medication in accordance with
	agreed ways of working
2. Understand importance of following correct	2.1 Explain the purpose of an IV access
procedures for patients who have Intravenous	2.2 Describe the procedure to be followed
(IV) access	for conveyance of a patient with an IV access
	2.3 Describe the procedure to be followed in
	relation to the management of an IV access
	site if visible haemorrhage occurs at or
	adjacent to the access site
3. Understand how to manage the conveyance	3.1 Explain the purpose of catheterisation
of a patient with a catheter	3.2 Identify the difference between
	intermittent catheter and indwelling catheter
	3.3 Describe the procedures to be followed
	when transporting a catheterised patient
	3.4 Describe the procedure to be followed in
	the event of:
	Bleeding
	Device pulled out
	Device leaking
	 Device torn or damaged
	Device blocked

4. Understand how to manage the conveyance	4.1 Explain the purpose of a syringe driver or
of a patient with a syringe driver or other	other medical devices
medical devices	4.2 Describe common uses of a syringe driver
	or other medical devices
	4.3 Identify syringe driver positioning sites
	4.4 Explain the procedure to be followed
	when a warning alarm or error occurs within a
	syringe driver or other medical devices

Importance – Medication compliance, medication review, prescription governance.

Access – This may include fistulas, cannulas and other IV devices.

Other medical devices may include external differentiators, medical tapes, cardiac monitoring device, blood pressure devices, generic monitoring devices.

Component 7: Using communication and information systems in ambulance patient care

Component Reference Number: H/615/5749

Level: 2 Credit: 1

Component Summary

The aim of this component is to provide the learner with the knowledge, skills and understanding required to efficiently use communication equipment, systems and devices in an ambulance patient care setting.

Assessment Guidance

This component must be assessed in line with the FutureQuals Assessment Principles.

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1. Understand the use of communication	1.1 Describe the different types of
systems and devices	communication systems and devices available
	1.2 Explain communication systems and
	devices:
	Benefits
	 Health and safety issues
	Capacity issues linked with network
	use
	1.3 Explain agreed ways of working on communication device security
	1.4 Explain the following:
	Power management process
	Battery management
	Screen layout
	Messaging functionality
	Warning displays
	 Routing and navigating options
	1.5 Describe agreed ways of working in
	relating to:
	Loss or theft
	Concerns or defects
2. Be able to operate communication systems and devices	2.1 Ensure systems and devices are in safe and good working order
	2.2 Show how to navigate using screen layout,
	including sign in and out
	2.3 Demonstrate functionality of the systems
	and devices
	2.4 Demonstrate how to operate the system when:
	Receiving a new allocation
	_
	Receiving allocations when mobile
	Receiving a revised allocation

	 Booking events
	Running completions
	End of day sequence
	2.5 Demonstrate how to set statuses and
	understand warning messages received
	2.6 Show how to send and receive messages
	2.7 Navigate and use map functions and
	options
	2.8 Demonstrate a:
	Voice request
	Emergency call

Functionality of the systems and devices may include power management process, screen layout, screen brightness and controls such as volume.

Statuses may include meal breaks, refuelling, use of exceptions and mobile to base.

Map functions and options may include zoom in/out, go to function, routing and navigating, tracking, visual/audible routes, auto zoom, navigation options available.

Component 8: Basic life support and external defibrillation

Component Reference Number: K/505/9739

Level: 3 Credit: 1

Component Summary

The purpose of the component is for learners to gain the knowledge, understanding and skills necessary to provide basic Life support (BLS) and external Defibrillation during resuscitation to current recognised guidelines and procedures.

Assessment Guidance

This component must be assessed in line with the FutureQuals Assessment Principles.

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1. Understand basic life support	1.1 Explain benefits of the chain of survival to
	basic life support
	1.2 Explain circumstances under which
	resuscitation is performed
	1.3 Describe types of cardio-pulmonary arrest
	1.4 Explain procedure in the Basic Life Support
	algorithm
2. Be able to carry out basic life support	2.1 Recognise need to commence cardio-
	pulmonary resuscitation
	2.2 Perform cardio-pulmonary resuscitation
	2.3 Recognise the return of spontaneous
	circulation
	2.4 Explain when to cease a resuscitation
	attempt
3. Be able to use a defibrillator	3.1 Recognise need to use a defibrillator
	3.2 Explain safety considerations when using a
	defibrillator
	3.3 Manage defibrillator malfunction
	according to manufacturer's
	recommendations
	3.4 Use a defibrillator
4. Be able to use adjuncts to support	4.1 Explain use of:
resuscitation	Facial barriers
	Bag valve mask device
	Mechanical ventilator
	4.2 Use bag valve mask device.
5. Understand importance of post-	5.1 Explain management of the post
resuscitation procedures	resuscitation patient
	5.2 Describe clinical handover procedure to
	medical professionals
	5.3 Describe procedure for recognition of life
	extinct in line with agreed ways of working
6. Understand special circumstances related	6.1 Explain resuscitation considerations for a
to cardiac arrest.	patient during the stages of pregnancy

	6.2 Describe respiratory adaptions for a neck stoma patient in arrest
	6.3 Explain resuscitation considerations of a hypothermic patient
	6.4 Describe post resuscitation care of a hypothermic patient

Cardio-pulmonary resuscitation must include the delivery of basic life support (BLS) to adults and paediatics, as laid down by the Resuscitation Council (UK), <u>https://www.resus.org.uk/</u>.

Component 9: Principles of anatomy and physiology for ambulance patient care

Component Reference Number: J/615/5744

Level: 3 Credit: 2

Component Summary

The purpose of the component is for learners to gain the understanding of human anatomy and physiology in relation to ambulance patient care.

Assessment Guidance

This component must be assessed in line with the FutureQuals Assessment principles.

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1. Understand the structures of the human	1.1 Explain the structure of the following
body	cavities:
	• Head
	Chest
	Abdomen
	Pelvis
	1.2 Explain the structure of the musculo-
	skeletal system
2. Understand the systems of the human body	2.1 Explain the systems contained in the
	following cavities:
	• Head
	Chest
	Abdomen
	Pelvis
	2.2 Explain the importance of
	interrelationships between the body systems
3. Understand the functions of the human	3.1 Explain the functions of the following;
body	Nervous system
	Cardiovascular system
	Respiratory system
	Digestive system
	Urinary system
	Lymphatic system
	 Integumentary system
	Reproductive system
	Musculo-skeletal system

Component 10: Assessment and continued monitoring of patients in ambulance urgent care

Component Reference Number: A/615/5742

Level: 3 Credit: 2

Component Summary

The purpose of the component is for learners to gain the knowledge, understanding and skills necessary to take and record physiological measurements and the examination of the patients.

Assessment Guidance

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1. Understand current legislation, national	1.1 Explain own role and responsibilities when
guidelines and agreed ways of working for	obtaining a patient history with regard to:
undertaking patient assessment and	Current legislation
examination	 National guidelines
	 Agreed ways of working
	Mental Capacity
	1.2 Explain the importance of clear, concise
	reporting of findings in accordance with
	agreed ways of working
	1.3 Explain the importance of recording
	patient observations in accordance with
	agreed ways of working
	1.4 Explain what is meant by confidentiality in
	accordance with agreed ways of working
2. Understand procedures of patient	2.1 Explain the importance of ensuring safety
assessment and management	prior to approaching the patient for:
	The patient
	Self
	Co-workers
	Others
	2.2 Describe the CABCDE approach to initial
	patients assessment to include:
	Catastrophic haemorrhage
	Airway
	Breathing
	Circulatory
	Disability
	Expose and examine, environment
	2.3 Explain factors that affect:
	Airway patency
	Breathing
	Circulation
	Neurological function

	2.4 Describe procedures of a secondary survey
	to include:
	Level of consciousness
	Blood Pressure
	Temperature, colour and texture
	Pupillary response
	Blood Glucose Monitoring
	Peak flow measurement
	Electrocardiogram (ECG)
	 Oxygen saturations
	 Face, arm, speech, time test
	National Early Warning Score
	2.5 Explain importance of patient position in
	relation to assessed patient condition
	2.6 Explain links between findings of
	physiological assessment and homeostatic
	status
3. Be able to carry out a patient assessment	3.1 Ensure safety prior to approaching any
	patient for:
	The patient
	• Self
	Co-workers
	Others
	3.2 Communicate with a patient to:
	 Explain your own role and
	responsibilities
	Establish identity
	Assess capacity
	Gain consent
	Maintain consent
	3.3 Explain the sequence of assessment to
	detect time critical disorders for conscious
	and unconscious patients
	3.4 Assess a patient using the CABCDE
	approach to initial casualty assessment to
	include:
	Catastrophic haemorrhage
	• Airway
	Breathing
	Circulatory
	Disability
	 Expose and examine, environment
	3.5 Take and record a patient's history
	3.6 Prioritise patient management based on
	assessed patient's condition

	2.7 Correct out a cocondem summer to indude
	3.7 Carry out a secondary survey to include:
	Level of consciousness
	Blood Pressure
	Temperature, colour and texture
	Pupillary response
	Blood Glucose Monitoring
	Peak flow measurement
	 Oxygen saturations
	 Electrocardiogram (ECG)
	• Face, arm, speech, time test
	National Early Warning Score
	3.8 Position patients relating to assessed
	patient's condition
	3.9 Inform the receiving clinician about a
	patient's condition in accordance with agreed
	ways of working
4. Be able to recognise deviations from	4.1 Describe the expected physiological values
expected patient physiology	for patients to include:
	Breathing rate and volume
	Pulse rate
	Blood Pressure
	Blood Glucose Monitoring
	Temperature
	Pulse oximetry
	Pupillary response
	Electrocardiogram (ECG)
	4.2 Prepare, measure, record and report
	physiological measurements according to
	agreed ways of working
	4.3 Explain why physiological measurements
	should be repeated
	4.4 Explain why continued monitoring and
	observation of the patient is required in line
	with agreed ways of working
	4.5 Manage deviation from expected
	physiology
	4.6 Recognise deterioration and exacerbation
	and respond appropriately in line with agreed
	ways of working
5. Be able to manage patient's identifiable	5.1 Record findings of patient's assessment
information in accordance with agreed ways	5.2 Gain valid consent to share information
of working	5.3 Share information with others
	5.4 Maintain confidentiality of patient's
	information

Additional Information

Mental Capacity must include principles, best interest, diagnostic & functional testing, physical interventions, deprivation of liberty, relevant roles and responsibilities.

Secondary survey means head to toe assessment of the casualty.

Co-workers Nurses, paramedics, work colleague, fire, police, highways.

Others bystanders, anyone else you ask for assistance.

Component 11: Support the emergency care of wounds, bleeding and burns

Component Reference Number: L/505/9734

Level: 3 Credit: 3

Component Summary

The purpose of the component is for learners to gain the knowledge, understanding and skills necessary to support the clinician in the management of wounds, bleeding and burns.

Assessment Guidance

Assessment Criteria
The learner can:
1.1 Explain what is meant by the term wounds
1.2 Recognise types of wound
1.3 Explain complications associated with
wounds
1.4 Explain how to treat wounds
1.5 Discuss implications of foreign objects in
wounds
2.1 Assess a wound
2.2 Prepare patient prior to treatment
2.3 Treat a wound
2.4 Monitor a wound
3.1 Explain what is meant by the term,
bleeding
3.2 Describe types of bleeding
3.3 Explain how to detect concealed bleeding
3.4 Describe signs and symptoms of internal
bleeding
3.5 Explain complications associated with
bleeding
3.6 Explain how to estimate blood loss.
3.7 Explain how to treat bleeding using:
Direct Pressure
Indirect Pressure
Catastrophic haemorrhage control
techniques
4.1 Identify type of bleeding
4.2 Estimate blood loss
4.3 Prepare patient prior to treatment
4.4 Treat bleeding using:
Direct Pressure
 Indirect Pressure
- man ceer ressare
Catastrophic haemorrhage control

	4.5 Monitor blood loss
5. Understand management of burns	5.1 Explain what is meant by the term burn
	5.2 Describe causes of burns
	5.3 Describe types of burns
	5.4 Explain safety considerations when dealing
	with burns for:
	• Self
	Colleague
	Patients
	Others
	5.5 State rules associated with estimating the
	size of burns
	5.6 Explain time critical factors that affect
	management of burns for:
	Children
	Adults
	5.7 Explain complications associated with
	burns
	5.8 Explain treatment of burns
	5.9 Explain why burns patients are
	transported to definitive care
6. Be able to manage burns	6.1 Recognise cause of burn
	6.2 Identify type of burn
	6.3 Estimate size of burn
	6.4 Prepare patient for treatment
	6.5 Treat patient

Additional Information

Treat guidance must be given in respect of all would types.

Burns must include all thermal injuries.

Techniques may include tourniquets.

Component 12: Support the senior clinician with cannulation, intraosseous, infusion and advanced airway management in the emergency and urgent care setting

Component Reference Number: L/507/6369

Level: 4 Credit: 3

Component Summary

This component is aimed at those who work in the emergency and urgent care setting. It provides the learner with the knowledge and skills required to understand and support a senior clinician with cannulation, intraosseous, infusion and advanced airway management.

Assessment Guidance

This component must be assessed in line with the FutureQuals Assessment Principles. Assessment of knowledge based Learning Outcomes must be made by an occupationally knowledgeable assessor. Assessment of performance (e.g. those beginning with 'Be able to' or 'demonstrate') must be made by an occupationally competent assessor. Expert witnesses can be used for direct observation where they have occupational competence for the specialist areas or the observations is of a particular sensitive nature. An example of occupational competence can be any clinical role within the emergency and urgent care setting where cannulation, intraosseous, infusion and advanced airway management is an integral part of that role or an individual who supports a senior clinician with cannulation, intraosseous, infusion and advanced airway management.

Simulation is permitted in this component for LOs 3 and 4. However, it should not be the only form of evidence presented.

Learning Outcome - The learner will:	Assessment Criterion - The learner can:
1 Understand current legislation, national	1.1 Outline the current legislation, national
guidelines and agreed ways of working in the	guidelines and agreed ways of working for:
emergency and urgent care setting	Cannulation
	Intraosseous
	Infusion
	Advanced Airway Management
	1.2 Explain own role in supporting a senior
	clinician with:
	Cannulation
	Intraosseous
	Infusion
	 Advanced Airway Management
	1.3 Describe safety checks prior to:
	Cannulation
	Intraosseous
	Infusion
	 Advanced Airway Management
	1.4 Explain own role in Infection Prevention &
	Control (IP&C) during:
	Cannulation
	Intraosseous

	Infusion
	 Advanced Airway Management 1.5 Communicate information in a way that is
	-
	sensitive to the personal beliefs and
	preferences of the individual
	1.6 Explain the importance of ensuring an
	individual's privacy and dignity is maintained
	at all times
2 Understand the purpose and functions of	2.1 Outline the purpose and rationale for:
intravenous cannulation, intraosseous,	Cannulation
infusion and advanced airway management in	Intraosseous
the emergency and urgent care setting.	Infusion
	 Advanced Airway Management
	2.2 Explain the function of equipment used
	during:
	Cannulation
	Intraosseous
	Infusion
	Advanced Airway Management
	2.3 Outline the required equipment available
	for:
	Cannulation
	Intraosseous
	Infusion
	Advanced Airway Management
	2.4 Explain the preparation and positioning of
	an individual for:
	Cannulation
	Intraosseous
	Infusion
	 Advanced Airway Management
	2.5 Summarise the risks associated with:
	Cannulation
	Intraosseous
	 Infusion
	Advanced Airway Management
	2.6 Outline agreed ways of working should
2 De able te support e conier sligister in	problems arise
3 Be able to support a senior clinician in	3.1 Confirm the individual's identity and
cannulation, intraosseous, infusion and	record valid or implied consent
Advanced Airway Management in the	3.2 Ensure an individual's privacy and dignity
emergency and urgent care setting.	is maintained at all times
	3.3 Assemble equipment required for:
	Cannulation
	Intraosseous
	Infusion

	Advanced Airway Management
	3.4 Carry out equipment safety checks
	3.5 Prepare equipment for:
	Cannulation
	Intraosseous
	Infusion
	Advanced Airway Management
	3.6 Support the senior clinician in securing
	the:
	Cannula
	Giving Set to Luer lock
	Endotracheal Tube
	Endotracheal Tube holder
	3.7 Safely dispose of:
	Sharps
	Clinical Waste
	• Single patient use items
	General Waste
4 Be able to monitor and report changes to	4.1 Describe common conditions or
condition or behaviour in cannulation,	behaviours which may signify adverse
intraosseous, infusion and advanced airway	reactions to:
management in line with agreed ways of	Cannulation
working.	Intraosseous
	Infusion
	Advanced Airway Management
	4.2 Report to the senior clinician any condition
	or behaviour which may signify adverse
	reactions to the procedure
	4.3 Assist the senior clinician in monitoring
	changes to condition or behaviour
	4.4 Record the procedure of:
	Cannulation
	Intraosseous
	Infusion
	Advanced Airway Management

Component 13: Basic airway management in emergency care

Component Reference Number: D/505/9740

Level: 3 Credit: 1

Component Summary

The purpose of the component is for learners to gain the knowledge, understanding and skills necessary to provide basic airway management as part of an individual patient's emergency care.

Assessment Guidance

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1. Understand how to assess a patient's	1.1 Describe airway anatomy
airway	1.2 Explain stepwise airway management
	methodologies
	1.3 Explain use of airway management
	methodologies
	1.4 Explain dynamic airway assessment
2. Be able to manage and maintain a patient's	2.1 Identify need to clear the airway
airway	2.2 Clear airway using:
	 postural drainage
	 manual techniques
	 suctioning equipment
	2.3 Select and insert an airway adjunct
	2.4 Recognise need for advanced airway
	management
	2.5 Describe how to manage airway of a
	patient with a:
	 laryngectomy
	tracheostomy
3. Understand how to manage a responsive	3.1 Explain how to manage a patient with a
patient who is choking	partially blocked airway
	3.2 Explain how to manage a patient with a
	completely blocked airway
4. Understand when to clean and replace	4.1 Explain when to replace equipment and
equipment used during airway management	consumables used during the management of
	a patient's airway
	4.2 Describe how to dispose of single use
	equipment used during the management of a
	patient's airway

Component 14: Administration of oxygen therapy in ambulance patient care

Component Reference Number: L/615/5745

Level: 3 Credit: 1

Component Summary

This component provides the knowledge, understanding and skills required to provide medical oxygen to a patient in line with medical gas administration guidelines and service protocols.

Assessment Guidance

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1. Understand the guidelines for the use	1.1 Explain benefits of oxygen therapy
oxygen therapy.	1.2 Explain contraindications prohibiting use
	of oxygen
	1.3 Explain dangers of using compressed gas
	1.4 Outline health and safety rules for the:
	Identification
	• Use
	Storage
	 Handling of oxygen
2. Be able to administer oxygen therapy in	2.1 Carry out operational checks in
accordance with agreed ways of working	preparation for use of oxygen therapy
	equipment
	2.2 Identify when oxygen therapy is required
	2.3 Administer oxygen using the required flow
	rate for the following oxygen delivery devices:
	 Non re-breather mask
	 Bag, valve and mask
	2.4 Administer oxygen to a patient
	2.5 Complete required documentation for:
	Prescribed use
	Emergency use

Component 15: Administration of medical gases in ambulance patient care

Component Reference Number: F/615/5743

Level: 3 Credit: 1

Component Summary

This component provides the knowledge, understanding and skills required to provide medical oxygen and Entonox to a patient in line with medical gases administration guidelines and service protocols.

Assessment Guidance

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1. Understand the guidelines for the use	1.1 Explain benefits of oxygen therapy
oxygen therapy.	1.2 Identify indications for the use of oxygen
	1.3 Explain contraindications prohibiting use
	of oxygen
	1.4 Describe dangers of using compressed gas
	1.5 Outline health and safety rules for the:
	Identification
	• Use
	Storage
	 Handling of oxygen
2. Be able to administer oxygen therapy in line	2.1 Carry out operational checks in
with agreed ways of working.	preparation for use of oxygen therapy
	equipment
	2.2 Identify when oxygen therapy is required
	2.3 Administer oxygen using the required flow
	rate for the following oxygen delivery devices:
	Nasal cannula
	 Simple/venturi mask
	 Non re-breather mask
	Bag, valve and mask
	2.4 Administer oxygen to a patient
	2.5 Complete required documentation for
	Prescribed use
	Emergency use
3. Understand the guidelines for the use	3.1 Describe properties of Entonox
Entonox therapy.	3.2 Explain complications of environmental
	temperature
	3.3 Explain benefits of Entonox therapy
	3.4 Identify the indications for the use of
	Entonox
	3.5 Explain cautions and contraindications for
	use of Entonox

4. Be able to administer Entonox therapy in line with agreed ways of working.	4.1 Carry out operational checks in preparation for use of Entonox therapy equipment.
	4.2 Identify when Entonox therapy is required
	4.3 Administer Entonox to a patient
	4.4 Complete required documentation

Component 16: Conflict Resolution Training

Component Reference Number: K/507/6430

Level: 3 Credit: 2

Component Summary

This component is aimed at those who work in the emergency and urgent care setting and/or the wider health and social care setting. It provides the learner with the knowledge to understand the roles of all those involved in security management within the NHS; what constitutes conflict; the role of communication and the procedural, environmental and legal context of violence; organisations and own requirements following conflict in the workplace.

Assessment Guidance

This component must be assessed in line with the FutureQuals Assessment Principles. Assessment of knowledge based Learning Outcomes must be made by an occupationally knowledgeable assessor. An example of occupational competence can be any security management or clinical role within the emergency and urgent care or health and social care setting where understanding and managing conflict resolution is an integral part of that role.

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1 Understand the role of key organisations in	1.1 Outline current regulations and legislation
relation to trafficking, radicalisation and	linked to trafficking, radicalisation and
terrorism, crime and fraud	terrorism, crime and fraud
	1.2 Identify the key organisations in relation
	to trafficking, radicalisation and terrorism,
	crime and fraud
	1.3 Explain the roles of key people involved in
	the key organisations in relation to trafficking,
	radicalisation and terrorism, crime and fraud
2 Understand what constitutes conflict	2.1 Describe the common causes of conflict
	2.2 Identify the different stages of conflict
	2.3 Reflect on experience of conflict situations
3 Understand strategies to manage and	3.1 Explain how to develop strategies to
reduce conflict	reduce the opportunity for conflict to occur
	3.2 Explain how to manage conflict situations
	to agreed ways of working
	3.3 Outline the methods and action
	appropriate for conflict situations
4 Understand the role of communication in	4.1 Describe different forms of
conflict situations	communication
	4.2 Explain verbal and non-verbal
	communication in conflict situations
	4.3 Analyse the impact that cultural
	differences may have in relation to
	communication
	4.4 Identify the cause of communication
	breakdown
	4.5 Identify the right conditions for
	communications

	4.6 Explain the importance of creating the
	right conditions for communication to succeed
	4.7 Explain the behavioural patterns of
	individuals during conflict
	4.8 Explain different communication models in
	relation to conflict
	4.9 Explain the warning and danger signals
	displayed by individuals during conflict
	situations
	4.10 Explain the signs that may indicate the
	possibility of a physical attack
5 Understand the procedural, environmental	5.1 Explain procedural and environmental
and legal context of violence in the workplace.	factors in decision making
	5.2 Explain the importance of keeping a safe
	distance in conflict situations
	5.3 Explain the use of 'reasonable force' as
	describe in law and its limitations
6 Understand own responsibilities following a	6.1 Outline the range of support, both short
conflict situation.	and long-term, available to those affected by
	a conflict situation
	6.2 Explain incident reporting using agreed
	ways of working
7 Understand the support available following	7.1 Explain the need to provide support to
a conflict situation	those directly affected
	7.2 Explain the wider organisational benefits
	of providing support to those affected by
	conflict
8 Understand the requirements of	8.1 Explain the process to follow after a
organisations following conflict	conflict situation

Component 17: Conflict Resolution Training for Ambulance Services

Component Reference Number: T/507/6432

Level: 3 Credit: 1

Component Summary

This component is aimed at those who work in the emergency and urgent care setting. It provides the learner with the knowledge to understand the how to assess and reduce the risk of conflict in the work environment. It further provides the learner to understand behaviours indicating an escalation towards conflict.

Assessment Guidance

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1 Understand how to assess and reduce the	1.1 Outline current regulations and legislation
risk of violence in the work environment	linked to risk assessment
	1.2 Explain the responsibilities of employers
	and employees in current regulation and
	legislation associated with risk assessment
	1.3 Outline the hazards and risks that exist in
	the working environment
	1.4 Explain how hazards and risks can be
	reduced in the working environment
	1.5 Explain organisational policies and
	procedures relating to work related violence
	1.6 Explain ways of reducing or eliminating
	risk
	1.7 Identify the key risks of violence faced by
	ambulance personnel
	1.8 Explain precautions to be taken when lone
	working
	1.9 Explain how ambulance personnel can
	assess threat levels
	1.10 Explain the importance of providing
	proactive services
	1.11 Explain agreed ways of working when
	dealing with complaints
2 Understand behaviour indicating an	2.1 Explain the common triggers and
escalation towards violence	situations where there is a risk of escalating
	into violence in the emergency and urgent
	care setting
	2.2 Outline communication considerations
	relating to acutely unwell individuals in terms
	of:
	Mental health
	 Individuals with learning difficulties

2.3 Identify appropriate assertive actions for confronting obstructive and unacceptable
behaviour

Component 18: Major incident preparedness for ambulance care services

Component Reference Number: Y/615/5747

Level: 3 Credit: 1

Component Summary

The aim of this component is to enable learners to have an understanding of the key areas relevant to major incidents and the ambulance service.

Assessment Guidance

Learning Outcomes - The learner will:	Assessment Criteria - The learner can:
1. Understand the nature of major incidents	1.1 Define a major incident
	1.2 Explain the Ambulance Service
	responsibilities with regard to a major incident
	1.3 State who can declare a major incident
	1.4 Describe the reporting mechanisms used
	in an incident:
	Major incidents declared
	Exact location
	Types of incident
	Hazards present or suspected
	Access – routes that are safe to use
	Number, type, severity of casualties
	Emergency services required and
	present
2. Understand the importance of	2.1 Identify barriers to communication
communication during a major incident	2.2 Describe the mechanisms to manage
	communication effectively
	2.3 Explain communication in line with agreed
	ways of working
3. Understand the personal protective	3.1 Explain own PPE in line with agreed ways
equipment (PPE) requirements when	of working
attending a major incident	3.2 Outline the reporting of defects in line
	with agreed ways of working
4. Understand the different roles in a major	4.1 Explain the role of the attendant of the
incident	first crew on scene
	4.2 List the responsibilities of the driver of the
	first crew on scene
	4.3 List the responsibilities of subsequent
	ambulance crews on scene 4.4 State the information that should be
	included in radio reports
	4.5 Describe the potential roles for ambulance
	officers on scene
	Unicers Un scene

	4.6 Identify risks which threaten the
	coherence of the response being provided to
	the major incident
	4.7 Propose solutions to risks which threaten
	the coherence of the response being provided
	to the major incident/situation
	4.8 State the role of the following commands:
	Operational
	Tactical
	Strategic
5 Understand own role when deployed to a	5.1 Explain own role when attending a major
major incident	incident
	5.2 Describe procedures for ambulance
	parking
	5.3 Explain reporting procedures to
	ambulance command ;
	Upon arrival
	Upon departure
	5.4 Describe how to contribute to the safety
	of self and others

Additional Information

Major incident must include civil disturbance and hostile incidents.

Section Four

Centre Information

4.1 Centre Operations Manual

Information regarding centre support, learner registration, certification, reasonable adjustements and special consideration, complaints and appeals can be found in the <u>Centre Operations Manual</u>.

4.2 Initial Assessment and Centre Learner Support

It is important that centres carry out an intial assessment to identify what knowledge and degree of skills the learner already has, and to identify if any support or reasonable adjustments will be required to enable them to be assessed fairly. This may include an assessment of minimum core personal skills in English, Mathematics and ICT.

This can be recorded so that centres can identify any associated needs and record this in appropriate plans. This will help in planning the learning programme. It is important at the initial assessment stage to ensure that learners commence a programme at the appropriate level.

Centres should assess each learner's potential and make a professional judgement about his/her ability to successfully complete the programme of study and achieve the qualification.

This assessment will need to take account of:

- the support available to the learner within the centre during his/her programme of study
- any specific support that might be necessary to allow the learner to access the assessment for the qualification
- diagnoses of the requirements of the learner, making use of specialist advice from external sources, as appropriate.

Centres should identify any learner requirements and how they may affect successful completion of the particular programme. Programme teams should refer closely to the qualification specifications when discussing possible options for learners. They should advise learners on the appropriateness of the qualification to the learner and identify more suitable qualifications if necessary.

It is our intention that there should be no discrimination on the grounds of a protected characteristic. FutureQuals and approved centres have a responsibility to ensure that the process of assessment is robust and fair and allows a learner to show what they know and can do without compromising the assessment criteria.

Details on how to make adjustments for learners to ensure fair access to assessment is set out in the FutureQuals *Reasonable Adjustment and Special Considerations* policy.

4.3 Identification Requirements and Learner Authenticity

Identification Requirements

It is a centre's responsibility to confirm the identity of a learner as part of its registration process. A centre may do this by requesting sufficient personal data and a unique learner number (ULN) to ensure the learner can be clearly and uniquely identified.

The use of a ULN is now a mandatory requirement for publicly funded education and when submitting Individualised Learner Record (ILR) returns.

Centres must have systems in place to ensure that an individual completing an assessment is the person he/she is claiming to be.

Therefore, centres are required to ensure that each learner's identification is checked and that the type of identification provided by each learner is recorded before assessments are undertaken. FutureQuals External Quality Assurers will check this record during quality assurance monitoring activities.

The following would be permitted proof of a learner's Identity:

- a valid passport (any nationality)
- a signed UK photo card driving licence
- valid warrant card issued by HM Forces or the Police
- other photographic ID card, e.g. employee ID card (must be current employer), student ID card, travel card
- UK biometric residence permit.

If an assessment is taking place in a learner's place of work and a learner is unable to supply any of the above, authentication of a learner's identity by a third-party representative, for example his/her line manager or a member of his/her workplace Human Resources Team can be accepted.

Learner Authenticity

It is a regulatory requirement that every assessment submission is authenticated as the work of the named learner whether submitted to a centre or to FutureQuals. Therefore, the FutureQuals Evidence Logbook requires that a declaration of authenticity is signed by a learner for each assessment submitted.

By signing the declaration a learner is acknowledging that if the statement is untrue, an assessment breach has been committed.

If a centre uses electronic systems or e-portfolios, an alternate form of formal declaration of authenticity must be completed with each assessment that is submitted.

If a centre uses its own version of the FutureQuals Evidence Logbook it must ensure that the version used captures the same information i.e. the assessment method, evidence reference, the assessor's decision (including the signature and date to evidence completion assessment) and the learner's declaration of authenticity.

Any submission that does not carry a formal declaration of authenticity will not be externally quality assured. If an alternate formal declaration of authenticity is completed by a learner it must, as a minimum, include the statement:

Statement of confirmation of authenticity

I declare that the work presented for this component is entirely my own work.

The learner must sign and date the declaration.

4.4 Legal Considerations

Learners and centres should be aware of regulations affecting those who deal with children, young people and vulnerable adults in the country the qualification is delivered in.

The Prevent Duty Guidance available from the Home Office, makes clear the important role of further education leaders in stopping extremists seeking to radicalise learners on campuses and in supporting learners at risk of extremist influences.

Ofsted has responsibility for monitoring the Prevent Duty in publicly funded further education and skills providers.



FAQ LEVEL 3 CERTIFICATE IN

AMBULANCE PATIENT CARE: **URGENT CARE SERVICES**





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